

Review: Infrastructure

Infrastructure: Term for the structures, systems, and facilities that make a city inhabitable.

- Sewage Systems
- Electrical Systems
- Transportation Systems
- Bridges
- Roads
- Hospitals
- Schools

Zoning



Zoning

Zoning is one aspect of planning a city

Zones

City Planners: Work with city officials, engineers, architects, lawyers and developers to create specific zones for how land will be used.

Zones fall into different categories.

Residential Zone

- Where people live
- Can be high density (What does high density housing mean?)
- Can be low density (What does low density housing mean?)



Commercial Zone

- Stores and restaurants



Industrial Zones

- Factories and power plants are located here.



Agricultural Zone

- Features farms and ranches.



Mixed Use Zones

- A blend of more than one zone.
 - Describe an example of a mixed use zone.



<http://cobgispublic.cityofboise.org/ExpressGallery/map.html?webmap=7f75b239a6e3427196a939b8a02c186e>

Homework Due: 9/16 (Separate Paper)

- What are some of the benefits of having distinct zones? What are the drawbacks?
- What types of buildings would characterize each space?
- How can one zone affect another?
- What social and cultural issues can be related to zoning?
- What types of land use conflicts could affect a city's developmental plan (e.g., agriculture vs. housing, single family vs. multifamily)?
- How can overly restrictive zoning controls affect a city's residents?